HEAD OF STATE OR HEAD OF GOVERNMENT

Appoints

NATIONAL MINISTERS

Members of

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

1 Legislative institution. The Council represents the governments of the EU Member States. The Council adopts EU laws and coordinates EU policies. The Council of the EU is also known as the «Council of Ministers» or «the Council».

Each EU Member State holds the presidency on a 6-month rotating basis.

The Council meets in 10 different «configurations», one for each policy area: GAC, FAC, Ecofin, JHA, Agrifish, EPSCO, COMPET, TTE, ENV, EYC. The national ministers in charge of that policy area in their own country attend their designated configuration.

Council preparatory bodies

EUROPEAN

BANK (ECB)

Manages Euro stability & policies The president is appointed by EUCO

for an eight-year non-renewable term.

CENTRAL

- Coreper II, Committee of Permanent Representatives, is composed of each member states' permanent representatives to the EU. They prepare the work of GAC, FAC, Ecofin, and JHA. - Coreper I is composed of each country's deputy permanent representatives.

They prepare the work of Agrifish, EPSCO, COMPET, TTE, ENV, and EYC. - There are more than 150 highly specialised Working parties and (14) Committees, i.e. COCHAFA.

H General Secretariat - 17 Directorates-General.

+ Councils

Stabilisation, Association, and Cooperation



Audits EU budget. 28 members appointed by the Council.

SION

Council & Parliament reject; or

Council approves, Parliament rejects

Independent bodies		Budget Procedure	
European Investment Fund (EIF)		THE COUNCIL	СОММ
/enture capital for SMEs.			DRAFT
uropean Investment ank (EIB)		POSITION OF COUNCIL	
Public lending.			
	ft Budget		
Advisory bodies	a new Dra		CONCILIA COMMITT
European Committee of the Regions (CoR)	Commission submits a new Draft Budget		Joint tex
Local and regional representatives.	Commiss	No][Ľ

DRAFT BUDGET

The Conciliation Committee may be set up to resolve any disagreements between the Council

and the Parliament. The Commission takes part in the meeting as a moderator.

REJECTED

European Economic and Social Committee (EESC)

Composed of «social partners».

Supervisory authorities

European Data Protection Supervisor (EDPS)

Ensures that the EU system respects the right to privacy & data protection.

EU Ombudsman

Investigates complaints about poor administration by the EU system.



Interprets EU law and settles legal disputes. Two courts with judges appointed jointly by national governments.

_	Budget Procedure	
	THE COUNCIL	
	POSITION OF COUNCIL	



Members of

THE EU CITIZENS

THE EUROPEAN COUNCIL (EUCO)

m Institution that defines the political directions and priorities. It brings together the EU's 27 national leaders. It sets up the 5 years strategic agenda (2019-2024).

The European Council elects a president for 2^{1/2} years. Summits are held quarterly between the EU leaders. The president of the Commission is present. Euro Summits are held twice a year between the EU leaders of those countries whose currency is the euro. The president of the Commission and the president of the European Central Bank are present.

European Council decides on a president, the Parliament elects by a majority. European Council and president-elect propose the commissioners-designate. Parliament approves the College of Commissioners by a majority.

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION (EC)

m Executive institution and Guardian of the Treaties. The European Commission represents the EU's interests The EU Commission proposes new laws, manages EU policies, allocates EU funding, enforces EU law & represents the EU internationally.

The **President** defines the Commission priorities (2019-2024) and assigns each commissioner to a policy area. The College of Commissioners, elected for 5 years, is made of 27 commissioners including the President and (8) Vice-Presidents (VP). The High Representative for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy (HR/VP) shapes and carries out the CFSP & CSDP assisted by EAAS.

A Service Department

H Directorate-General (DG)

- DGs are structured as follow: Directorate-General>Directorate>Unit>Sector. - There are 33 DGs, one for each policy:
- ECHO, JRC, DIGIT, COMM, ... Each headed by a Commissioner
- and managed daily by a Director-General.

EU BUDGET

Multiannual Financial Framework (MFF)

Revenues: GNI, VAT, Custom duties, ..

7 years plan: 2021-2027

Yearly budget

Secretariat-General..

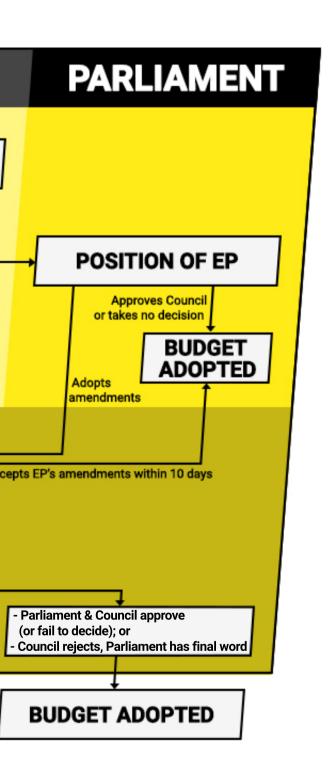
- Legal service - Independent offices: OLAF, DPO, IAS.
- Interinstitutional bodies: OP, EUSA,
- CERT, EPSO.
- Other departments.

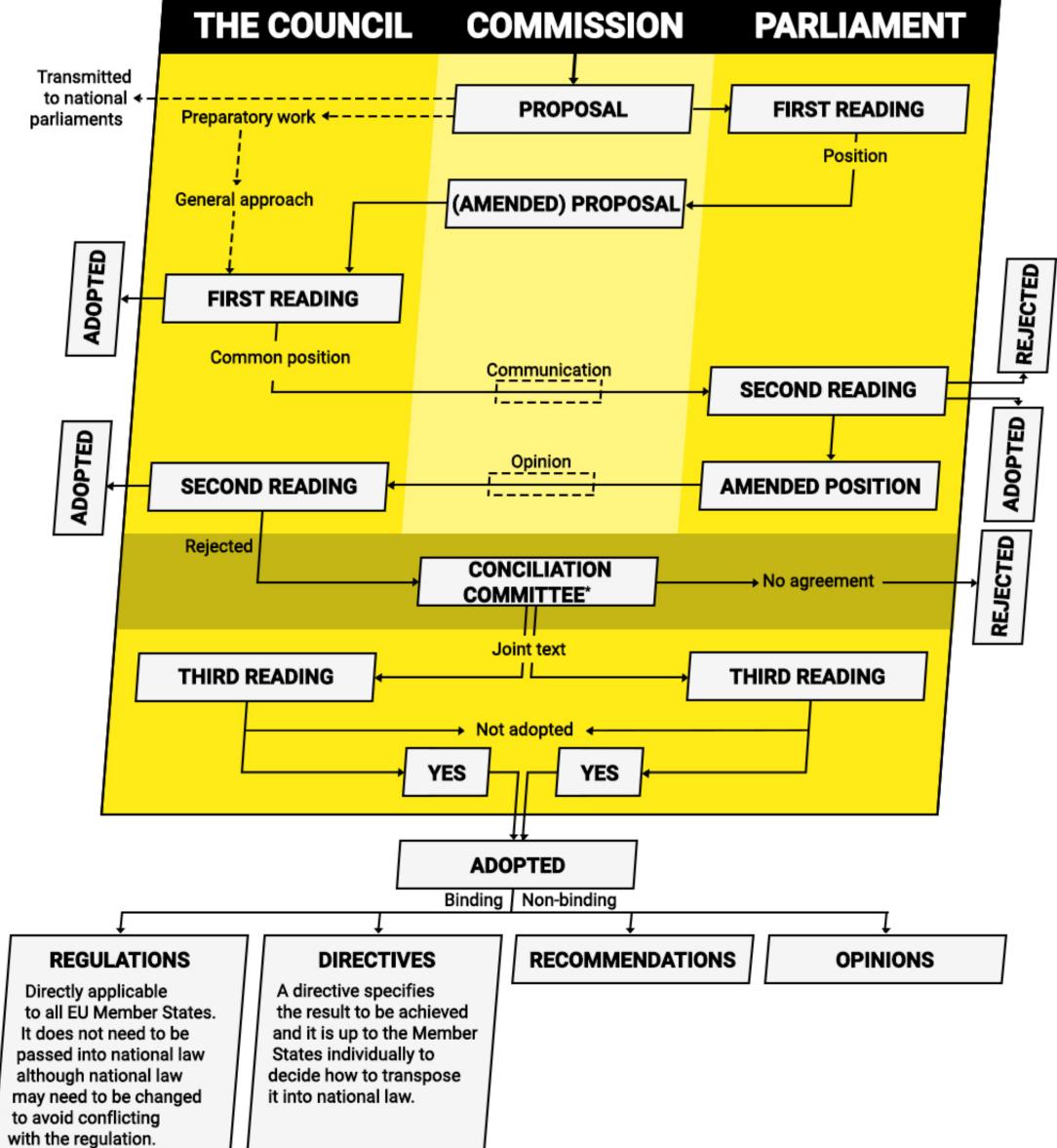
EU LAW

Primary Law: EU Treaties (TEU, TFEU) Legislative Acts **Delegated Acts** Implementing Acts

Special Legislative Procedure

- Roadmap Public consultation
- Impact assessment
- **Ordinary Legislative Procedure**





Councils; APC-EU Council of Ministers.

Executive agencies

Set up by the Commission for a «limited» period of time to manage specific tasks related to EU programmes.

RULE OF LAW

If an EU member is thought to have violated EU Values, the Commission makes an assessment and share recommendations. Ultimately, they can launch Article 7 of TEU: - 7.1: Preventive Measures; - 7.2 Sanctions Mechanism.

Initiative planned

Green Paper White Paper

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT (EP)

1 Legislative institution. The European Parliament represents the citizens of the EU. The EU Parliament is a directly-elected EU institution with legislative, supervisory, and budgetary responsibilities.

The **President** represents the Parliament for 2^{1/2} years to other EU institutions and the outside world.

Member of the European Parliament (MEP)

- MEPs are elected every 5 years by EU voters (2019-2024). The number of MEPs for each country is proportionate to its population. There are 705 MEPs grouped by political affiliation, not by nationality. Plenary sessions, held four days a month, bring together all the MEPs in the chamber to give a final vote on the proposed legislation and proposed amendments.
- There are 20 standing committees to prepare legislations: by groups of 27-70 MEPs, each committee is handling a particular policy area and headed by a Bureau. A file is assigned to a political group which designates a «rapporteur». Other political groups designate a «shadow rapporteur». Sub-committees, committees of inquiry, special committees and temporary committees may be set up. - MEPs join at least one of the 44 standing delegations to maintain relations with non-EU countries.
- **CHAFEA: Commerce, Health, Agriculture & Food**
- **EACEA: Education, Audiovisual & Culture**

EASME: EA for Small & Medium sized Enterprises

- **ERCEA: European Research Council**
- **INEA: Innovative & Networks**
- **REA: Research Executive Agency**

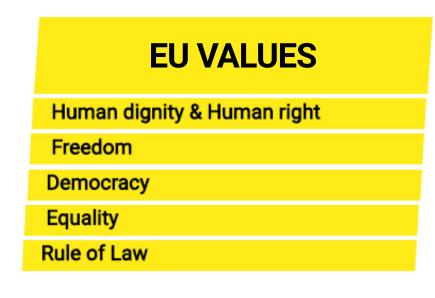
Decentralised Agencies (34)

Set up by the Commission, for an indefinite period, across the European Union. Europol, Eurojust, EASO, Frontex, ...

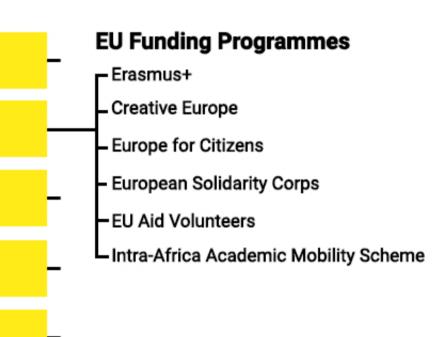
Agencies under Common Security & Defence Policy EDA, EUISS, SATCEN.

Euratom Agencies ESA, F4E.

Other organisations Joint-undertaking organisations, EIT.



- **+** Secretariat-General 12 Directorates-General Legal Service
- Office of the Secretary-General
- **H** European political groups' secretariats (7)



The Council of Europe is an international organisation not related to the European Union.

